

Indicators

Education & Training

Indicators	Definition and comment
(1.1) Early leavers from education and training	<p>Definition: % of the population aged 18-24 with at most lower secondary education and who is no longer in education or training. EU target: Less than 10 % by 2020.</p> <p>Source: Eurostat, EU LFS.</p>
(1.2) Low achievers Reading	<p>Definition: Share of 15-year olds who get a score of 1 or below (on a scale from 1 to 5) in PISA tests. EU target: less than 15 % by 2020.</p> <p>Source: OECD – PISA</p>
(1.3) Low achievers Mathematics	
(1.4) Low achievers Science	
(1.5) Tertiary education attainment	<p>Definition: Share of population aged 30-34 with tertiary education attainment. EU target: By 2020, at least 40%.</p> <p>Source: Eurostat, EU LFS.</p>
(1.6) Young people (20-24) having completed at least upper secondary education	<p>Definition: Percentage of the population 20-24 having completed at least upper secondary education (ISCED level 3c long).</p> <p>Source: Eurostat, EU LFS.</p>
(1.7) Young people (15-19) having completed at least lower secondary education	<p>Definition: Percentage of the population 15-19 having completed at least lower secondary education (ISCED level 3c long).</p> <p>Source: Eurostat, EU LFS.</p>
(1.8) Participation rate in non-formal education and training	<p>Definition: Percentage of the population 15-29 having participated in non-formal education and training during 4 last weeks</p> <p>Source: Eurostat, EU LFS.</p>

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Employment and Entrepreneurship

Indicators	Definition and comment
(2.1.) Youth unemployment rate	<p>Definition: Share of unemployed <u>among active population</u> (employed and unemployed) aged 15-24.</p> <p>Source: Eurostat EU LFS.</p>
(2.2.) Long-term youth unemployment rate	<p>Definition: Share of unemployed youth 15-24 without a job for the last 12 months or more among all unemployed in this age-group.</p> <p>Source: Eurostat EU LFS</p>
(2.3.) Youth unemployment ratio	<p>Definition: Share of unemployed <u>among the total population</u> (employed, unemployed and inactive), aged 15-24.</p> <p>Comment: This balances out differences in MS activity rates, which influences unemployment rate.</p> <p>Source: Eurostat, EU LFS.</p>
(2.4.) Self-employed youth	<p>Definition: Percentage of self-employed among all employed aged 20-29</p> <p>Source: Eurostat EU LFS.</p>
(2.5.) Young people who would like to set up their own business	<p>Source: Flash Eurobarometer on Youth.</p> <p>Definition: The share of young people age 15-30 answering YES to the question "Would you like to set up your own business in the future?".</p>
(2.6) Young employees with a temporary contract	<p>Definition: The share of young employees (age 20-29) who are on a contract of limited duration.</p> <p>Source: Eurostat, EU LFS.</p> <p>Comment: Age class 20-29 is chosen since younger youth often have a temporary contract because they are in apprenticeships.</p>

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Social Inclusion

Indicators	Definition and comment
(4.1) Young people at risk of poverty or exclusion rate	<p>Definition: Share of young people (16-29) who are at risk of poverty and/or severely materially deprived and/or living in a household with very low work intensity (see further definitions below).</p> <p>Source: Eurostat SILC</p>
(4.2) Young people at-risk-of-poverty rate	<p>Definition: The share of young people (16-29) living in families with an equivalised disposable income below 60 % of the national median equivalised disposable income (after social transfers).</p> <p>Source: Eurostat SILC</p>
(4.3) Severe Material deprivation rate	<p>Definition: percentage of the population (16-29) that cannot afford at least four of the following nine items: 1) to pay their rent, mortgage or utility bills; 2) to keep their home adequately warm; 3) to face unexpected expenses; 4) to eat meat or proteins regularly; 5) to go on holiday; or cannot afford to buy a: 6) TV 7) Refrigerator, 8) Car, 9) Telephone.</p> <p>Source: Eurostat SILC.</p>
(4.4) Living in households with very low work intensity	<p>Definition: People(16-29) living in households where adults worked less than 20 %of their total work potential during the past year.</p> <p>Source: Eurostat SILC.</p>
(4.5) Self-reported unmet need for medical care	<p>Definition: Young people (16-29) self-reporting unmet need for medical care for the following 3 reasons: financial barriers + too far to travel + waiting times.</p> <p>Source: Eurostat SILC.</p>
(4.6) Young people not in employment, education or training (NEET)	<p>Definition: Young people (age group 16-29) not in employment, nor in any education or training.</p> <p>Source: Eurostat EU LFSDefinition:</p>
(4.7.) Housing cost overburden rate	<p>Definition: Young people (age group 16-29) affected by housing cost overburden.</p> <p>Source: Eurostat EU:</p>

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Culture and creativity

Indicator	Definition and comment
(5.1) Performing/taking part in amateur artistic activities	<p>Definition: Share of young people (15-30) who declare that they have participated in any of the following amateur artistic activities at least once in the last 12 months: Playing a musical instrument, singing, acting, dancing, writing poetry, photography, film-making.</p> <p>Source: DG EAC Flash Eurobarometer on youth</p>
(5.2) Participation in cultural activities	<p>Definition: Share of young people (aged 15-30) reporting that they have participated in any of the following cultural activities in the last 12 months: Visited historical monuments (palaces, castles, churches, gardens, etc.), museums or galleries, been to the cinema or a concert, a theatre, a dance performance or an opera</p> <p>Source: DG EAC Flash Eurobarometer on youth</p>
(5.3) Participation in sports clubs	<p>Definition: Share of young people (aged 15-30) reporting that they have participated in activities of a sports club</p> <p>Source: Upcoming DG EAC Flash Eurobarometer on youth</p>
(5.4) Participation in leisure time or youth clubs/associations	<p>Definition: Share of young people (aged 15-30) reporting that they have participated in activities of a leisure time or youth club, any kind of youth association in the last 12 months.</p> <p>Source: Upcoming DG EAC Flash Eurobarometer on youth</p>
(5.5) Participation in cultural associations	<p>Definition: Share of young people (aged 15-30) reporting that they have participated in activities of cultural organisation in the last 12 months.</p> <p>Source: Upcoming DG EAC Flash Eurobarometer on youth</p>
(5.6) Learning at least two foreign languages	<p>Definition: Young people in upper secondary education (ISCED level 3 general programs, excluding vocational and pre-vocational education) learning two or more foreign languages.</p> <p>Source: Eurostat data collection on language learning in schools</p>
(5.7.) Frequency of going to cinema, live performances, cultural sites or attending live sport events	<p>Definition: Share of young people (aged 16-29) reporting that they have gone to cinema, live performances, cultural sites or attending live sport events in the last 12 months and frequency.</p> <p>Source: Eurostat</p>

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Youth Participation

Indicators	Definition and comment
(6.1.) Participation in international youth cooperation	Rate of young people participating in international cooperation activities. Source: Eurostat
(6.2.) Participation of young people in local, regional, national or European parliamentary elections	Definition: Percentage of young people aged 18-30 who declare that they participated in local, regional, national or European parliamentary elections in the last three years. Source: Upcoming DG EAC Flash Eurobarometer on youth
(6.3.) Young people 18-30 who got elected into the European Parliament	Definition: The number of young Members of the European Parliament (MEPs) elected into the European Parliament in the last elections (2009). Source: The European Parliament
(6.4.) Young people who use internet for interaction with public authorities	Definition: Percentage of individuals aged 16-29 who have used the Internet in the last 12 months for interaction with public authorities (i.e. having used the Internet for one or more of the following activities: obtaining information from public authorities web sites, downloading official forms, sending filled in forms). Source: Eurostat, Survey on ICT usage in households and by individuals.
(6.5.) Young people using internet for accessing or posting opinions on websites (e.g. blogs, social networks, etc.) for discussing civic and political issues	Definition: Percentage of individuals aged 16-29 declaring that they have used Internet for accessing or posting opinions on websites (e.g. blogs, social networks, etc) for discussing civic and political issues (in the last three months). Source: Eurostat, Survey on ICT usage in households and by individuals.
(6.6.) Participation in activities of churches or religious organisations	Definition: Percentage of individuals aged 16-29 declaring that they have participated in activities of churches or religious organisations Source: Eurostat



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Voluntary Activities

Indicators	Definition and comment
(7.1) Young people's engagement in voluntary activities	Definition: Self-reported involvement in organised voluntary activities in the last 12 months. Age 15-30. Source: Upcoming DG EAC Flash Eurobarometer on youth
(7.2) Share of young people making a voluntary contribution to their local community	Definition: Share of young people (age 15-30) declaring that they have taken part in any voluntary action aimed at changing something in their local community during the last 12 months. Source: Upcoming DG EAC Flash Eurobarometer on youth
(7.3) Share of young people who have stayed abroad for the purpose of volunteering	Definition: Share of young people (age 15-30) declaring that they have stayed abroad for the purpose of volunteering. Source: Upcoming DG EAC Flash Eurobarometer on youth.
(7.4) Formal recognition for taking part in voluntary activities	Definition: Share of young people (age 15-30) that declare having taken part in voluntary activities who have received a certificate, a diploma or other kind of formal recognition for their participation. Source: Upcoming DG EAC Flash Eurobarometer on youth.

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Youth and the World

Indicators	Definition and comment
(8.1) Young people's participation in political, community or environmental NGOs	Definition: This indicator provides the share of self-reported participation by young people aged 15-30 in activities of a political organisation or political party or a local organisation aimed at improving their local community and/or local environment in the last 12 months. Source: DG EAC Flash Eurobarometer on youth
(8.2) Young people's participation in global climate change or global warming organisations	Definition: This indicator provides the percentage of young people participating in climate change or global warming organisations Source: DG EAC Flash Eurobarometer on youth
(8.3) Young people's participation in human rights and development organisations	Definition: This indicator provides the percentage of young people participating in human rights or development organisations Source: DG EAC Flash Eurobarometer on youth
(8.4) Frequency of use Internet daily	Definition: Percentage of individuals (16-29) using Internet access daily Source: Eurostat

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Health and Well-being

Indicators	Description and comment
(3.1) Regular smokers	Definition: Share of daily cigarette smokers in the population aged 15-24. Source: Eurostat, European Health Interview Surveys (EHIS) .
(3.2) Obesity	Definition: Young people 20-24 with a Body Mass Index of 30 or above. Source: Eurostat, (EHIS).
(3.3) Alcohol use past 30 days	Definition: People who drank any alcoholic beverages in the last 30 days. Source: ESPAD survey data.
(3.4) Cause of death of young people - suicide	Definition: Deaths caused by suicide per 100 000 inhabitants aged 15-29. Source: Eurostat, Causes of death DB..
(3.5) Psychological distress	Definition: Young people (15-24) having had psychological distress during the past four weeks. Source: Eurostat (EHIS)..
(3.6) Injuries: road traffic: self-reported incidences	Definition: Proportion of individuals aged 15-24 reporting to have had a road traffic accident, which resulted in injury for which medical treatment was sought during the past 12 months. Source: Eurostat, EHIS.
(3.7) Self-reported cannabis use in the past year	Definition: This indicator provides the percentage of people reporting cannabis use in the last 30 days. Source: Flash Eurobarometer .
(3.8) Long standing illness	Definition: Proportion of individuals aged 15-24 reporting to suffer from any longstanding (of a duration of at least six months) illness or health problem. Source: Eurostat, EHIS.